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	APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 15/97	WULTERS NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
一	PEARNE, GORDON, MCCOY & 1200 LEADER BUILDING CLEVELAND OH 44114	IM21/0623 GRANGER	EXAMINER SHERRER, C
		AR	T UNIT PAPER NUMBER
		DATE N	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

## Application No. 08/776,321

Applicant(s)

Wubben et al

Examiner

Office Action Summary

Curtis E. Sherrer

Group Art Unit 1761



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Mar 27, 1998			
★ This action is FINAL.			
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.			
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extension 37 CFR 1.136(a).	respond within the period for response will cause the		
Disposition of Claims			
	is/are pending in the application.		
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.		
X Claim(s) 18-42	is/are rejected.		
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.		
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
$\square$ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing	Review, PTO-948.		
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objecte	d to by the Examiner.		
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	isapproveddisapproved.		
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
$\hfill\Box$ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority un			
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of	the priority documents have been		
☐ received.			
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number			
received in this national stage application from the Ir *Certified copies not received:			
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority			
Attachment(s)			
X Notice of References Cited, PTO-892     ■			
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(	(s)		
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413			
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	1		
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152			
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SEE OFFICE ACTION ON TH	IE FOLLOWING PAGES		

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Part III DETAILED ACTION

**Drawings** 

1. The proposed drawing correction filed on 03/27/98 has been disapproved because it is not

in the form of a pen-and-ink sketch showing changes in red ink or with the changes otherwise

highlighted. See MPEP § 608.02(v).

2. The drawings are objected to because the chromatograms of Figs. 7A and 7B are of very

poor quality, so as to be unviewable. Correction is required. The insertion of new matter should

be avoided.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. Claims 18 to 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject

matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one

skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession

of the claimed invention.

4. Applicants have added the phrase "adding one or more pectins to the beverage at a stage

of the preparation process of said beverage effective to prevent any substantial breakdown of said

pectins" (Claim 18).

5. Claims 18 to 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite

for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards

as the invention.

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6. Claim 20 is considered indefinite because there is no antecedent basis for the phrase "the

hop plant."

7. Claim 38 is considered indefinite because it is not seen how it further limits Claim 37.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States

before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371© of this title before the invention thereof

by the applicant for patent.

9. Claims 18 to 24, 28 to 39, 41 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being

anticipated by Papazian (The New Complete Joy of Home Brewing, page 64) as evidenced by

The Practical Brewer (pages 138-39) for the reason set forth in the last Office Action.

10. Claims 18 to 24, 28 to 39, 41 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being

anticipated by Lutzen et al (Homebrew Favorites, pp. 80 and 81) as evidenced by The Practical

Brewer (pages 138-39).

11. Lutzen et al teach the recipe of "Magin's Strong Ale," whereby 3/4 of an ounce of

Hallertauer pellets are added 20 minutes before the end of the boil, 1 ounce of Kent Goldings

pellets are added 5 to 10 minutes before the end of the boil, 1 ounce of Cascade hop pellets are

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added 5 minutes before the end of the boil and then 1/4 ounce of Cascade hop pellets are added to "steep." As previously stated in the last Office Action, in view of The Practical Brewer it is

inherent that Lutzen et al teach the claimed invention.

12. Claims 18, 21, 36 to 38 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated

by Bukovskii et al. (S.U. Pat. No. 685689) for the reasons set forth in the last Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner

in which the invention was made.

14. Claims 24, 25, 27, 29, 31 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Bukovskii et al for the reasons set forth in the last Office Action.

15. Claims 19, 20, 22, 23, 26, 28, 30, 32 to 35, 40 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.

§ 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bukovskii et al in view of The Practical Brewer and in

further view of Food Colloids (pp. 418-35) for the reasons set forth in the last Office Action.

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16. Applicants have not set forth any persuasive reasoning why it would not be obvious to

those in the brewing arts to use hop pectins in the various amounts, as claimed, at varying times,

i.e., before a well known beer filtration step, or before a certain time at the end of boil, as

claimed, and therefore it is considered that it would have been obvious to those of ordinary skill

in the art to use hops in the manner taught or known in the prior art to obtain the expected results,

i.e., better foam stabilization.

Response to Arguments

17. Applicants' arguments filed 03/27/98 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

18. Applicants discuss how the claimed process decreases the breakdown of hop pectins by

decreasing the length of time that the hops are boiled in a wort. First, the broad claims are not

limited to hops or beer, etc. For example, the pectin of the declaration was pectin extracted from

spent hops and this limitation is nowhere found in the claims. Second, because the declaration

provides a showing for what the Examiner considers to be inherently disclosed in the prior art

process the prior art rejection are still considered proper. It is respectfully noted that case law

has held that the observation of still another beneficial result in an old process cannot form the

basis of patentability. Allen v. Coe, 57 U.S.P.Q. 136 (1943), In re Jones, 1941 C.D. 686.

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19. A review of the declaration shows that molecular weight of pectins are significantly

broken down within 5 minutes of boiling. Therefore, it is not clear what the scope of "at a stage

. . . to prevent any substantial breakdown of said pectins." Claim 24 is directed to 30 minutes of

boiling the molecular weight (average?) has decreased from about 300 Kda to around 175 Kda

a decrease of about 125. At 10 minutes it had dropped to around 250 Kda, a decrease of about

50. It is considered that these would be considered "substantial breakdown." In comparison,

going from boiling to 30 minutes to 60 minutes the decrease only goes down to about 150 Kda,

a drop of only 25. If boiling for 30 minutes is not considered "substantial breakdown," why is

60 minutes "substantial?" In view of Applicants' broad use of the claim phrasing, the claims

have similarly been broadly interpreted.

20. Lastly, and again, the Office does not have the facilities for examining and comparing

Applicant's product with the product of the prior art in order to establish that the product of the

prior art does not possess the same material structural and functional characteristics of the

claimed product. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the burden is upon the applicant to

prove that the claimed products an processes are functionally different than those taught by the

prior art and to establish patentable differences. See *In re Best*, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 U.S.P.Q. 430

(CCPA 1977); Ex parte Gray, 10 U.S.P.Q.2d 1922, 1923 (BPAI).

Conclusion

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21. No claim is allowed.

22. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this

Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

23. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

24. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Curtis Sherrer whose telephone number is (703) 308-3847. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:00 to 2:30.

25. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Lacey, can be reached on (703)-308-3535. The fax phone number for this Group is (703)-

305-3602.

26. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

Curtis E. Sherrer

June 18, 1998